

CITY FATHERS.

A GOOD DEAL OF USEFUL WORK ACCOMPLISHED.

Street Paving Ordered—Electric Lights for Angelus Heights—Ninth-street Bridge Specifications Demanded—A Change in Tax-collecting Recommended—Petitions.

The regular weekly meeting of the City Council was held yesterday, with President Kuhrt presiding and the following members present: Bosboshell, Bryant, Cohn, Earl, Ford, Hanley, Humphreys, McNally, Shafer, Moriarty, Threlkeld, Sinsabaugh and Wilson.

After the reading of the minutes Mrs. Prescott, who was elected Librarian at the last meeting, appeared before the Council and stated that although she had qualified and had presented her certificate to Miss Gavitt, the ex-librarian, that lady had refused to recognize her as the proper incumbent of the office, and refused to turn over the effects of the office to her. On motion of Mr. Cohn, Mayor Bryson, the president of the Board of Regents, was instructed to induce Mrs. Prescott and her assistant into the Librarian's office on the 15th inst.

A VETO.

Mayor Bryson voted the resolution for grading Lafayette avenue on account of the fact that the assessments for the cost of the work amounted to more than half the assessed value of the property. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

The Auditor's list of balances in the funds, showing that a balance of \$50,000 remained in the city treasury, was received and referred to the Finance Committee.

The Zanja report was referred of a siphon to connect a certain storm drain with the 21st street on First street. Referred to the City Surveyor, Engineer of the Los Angeles Cable Company and the Zanja Committee.

Recommended that a survey in order to see if a certain district between First and Second streets in the Wolfkill tract could not be as well drained from Zanja 3, in order that an open ditch could be dug with, referred to the Zanja Committee.

The report of the Board of Public Works was then taken up, and the recommendations as heretofore published in the Times were adopted.

STREET PAVING ORDERED.

A resolution to pave Frank in street between Fort and Spring streets with bluish tint lime rock was read and passed, and the Clerk instructed to advertise for bids. The same action was taken with Sonora street between New High and Main streets, Temple street between Fort and Spring streets and New High street between Franklin and Marchessault streets. Temple street to be paved with granite blocks.

Mr. Earl stated that some person had blundered in the matter of paving of these streets, as the property owners had been asked to appear before the Board of Public Works and state what paving they wanted. No one had appeared, and he thought the matter should be put off for the present. The resolutions were adopted, however, in the usual protest.

The report of the Board of Public Works, recommending the improvement of Lucerne avenue, and accepting a deed for a strip of land 20 feet wide on said avenue for the purpose of making the street 60 feet wide, was accepted and the deed ordered recorded, but the recommendation to have the street graded was referred back to the Board of Public Works to await the acceptance of the deed and the declaration that the street had been opened to the public.

MISSION STREET.

When the matter of the franchise for a street railroad on Mission road, asked for by E. F. Spence and others, came up Mr. Cohn stated that Mission road was one of the principal arteries of trade from Banchito, Los Angeles and other places, and yet was but 40 feet wide. He suggested that before any action was taken toward granting the franchise the Council would insist on having the street made 60 feet wide. The matter was still left in the hands of the Board of Public Works.

Dr. Sinsabaugh called the attention of the Council to a lake caused by storm water on Beatty street, and asked that some action be taken to drain it, as the frogs were now so numerous there as to keep people awake all night. Referred to the Board of Public Works.

Mr. Cohn said there was too much kicking about this drain-water matter. People had made purchases of lots in the Arroyo de los Reyes at 50 cents apiece, and the city, to these people's delight, had improved the street and drained the Arroyo to such good purpose that these lots were now worth about \$1,000, except just about this season when water gathers upon them, and the owners are now expecting the city to put in expensive draining works. The Arroyo de los Reyes was the natural water shed of Los Angeles, and ought to have been kept so.

THE MATTER OF PAYMENT.

The question whether a contractor can draw any money on a street-paving contract until after the work is entirely completed was taken up, and a long debate ensued. Mr. Cohn especially referred to the paving of First street, which he stated was being paved under private contracts which Capt. Barrett had secured, in conjunction with Mayor, Mr. Nicoll, and that therefore the city had nothing to do with it, and could order none of the payments made. This statement made a considerable stir, and City Surveyor Duckweiler and Street Superintendent Drown were both anxious to know where they stood in the matter. It was then shown that the Vrooman Act allowed the property owners to do work on the street under the supervision of the Street Superintendent, and the payment asked by the contractor for work done on Los Angeles and First streets was ordered made, Mr. Cohn alone voting no.

An order to have the approaches of the Ninth-street bridge filled by the chain gang was rescinded until the bridges are completed.

A deed for a piece of land for school purposes in East Los Angeles was presented and ordered placed on file.

The Council then adjourned for the noon recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Council met at 1:30 o'clock, with President Kuhrt in the chair and the following members present: Bosboshell, Earl, Ford, Cohn, McNally, Threlkeld, Hanley, Sinsabaugh, Shafer, Moriarty, Bryant, Wilson and Humphreys.

President Kuhrt announced that he had been served with a summons, stating that ex-Tax Collector Parsons had sued the city for \$5000, and asking that the City Attorney be instructed to defend the same. It was ordered, and on motion of Dr. Sinsabaugh, Mr. Cohn and Freeman G. Reed were appointed to confer with the City Attorney in regard to the matter.

The report of the Finance Committee was read, and the various recommendations adopted. After which the usual bills were reported, and were ordered paid, with the exception of the pay-roll of the Superintendent of Streets, which was referred back to the Finance Committee for approval.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Some discussion arose over the Electric Light Company's bill, and Dr. Sinsabaugh said that police officers should report all defective lights, so that the Council could be kept posted as to whether the company is keeping its contract. It was stated that there was a rule already to this effect, and after remarks by Messrs. Cohn, Bosboshell and Bryant, Mr. Threlkeld moved that the bill be paid, which motion passed.

No report was received from the Sewer Committee, but Mr. Humphreys read a note from Capt. Barrett in regard to the Aliso street sewer, which was referred back to the committee.

The report of the Zanja Committee was presented, stating that an investigation had been made of the main supply ditch, where there was only a temporary dam of sand, and that a permanent dam would have to be constructed at considerable expense. Various other improvements and repairs are also suggested, to be done as soon as possible.

rainy season is over. The report was referred to the Zanjero.

The pay-roll of the Street Superintendent was read and ordered paid.

Mr. Hanley moved that the maps and the Southern Pacific viaduct over Aurora street be referred to the City Surveyor and City Attorney for investigation. So ordered, and the matter of increasing the capacity of the water and sewer connections of the new City Hall was taken up, and the proper committee ordered to attend to the same.

In regard to the NINTH-STREET BRIDGE, the City Surveyor said that he had been unable to find any plans and specifications showing what the bridge company had to do, and he would decide to sign anything that he did not understand.

Mr. Hanley moved that Mr. Rockwell for the stand he had taken, and Mr. Wilson moved that the company be compelled to produce the plans and specifications.

Mr. Cohn said that the whole thing was very plain. The city was on the safe side; the bridge had been built, and now all the Council had to do was to refuse to pay the bill until the company should present its plan.

There was a sharp interchange of comments between Mr. Ford and Mr. Cohn. The City Surveyor made another statement, which he showed that there had been very gross carelessness on the part of some body.

Mr. Hanley said that Mr. Lambie had told him that there was a full copy of the plans in the possession of the City Surveyor's office, and, after further debate, the whole matter was referred for one week to the Bridge Committee, and Mr. Lambie was instructed to furnish all data and specifications to the Council.

THE LIGHTING CONTRACT.

The Gas Committee presented the contract with the Electric Light Company for furnishing light for the next two years, which was substantially the same as that presented at the last meeting of the Council, with the language changed as suggested by the City Attorney.

Mr. Cohn moved that the clause in regard to time be changed from two to one year.

Mr. Warren, superintendent of the Electric Light Company, made a statement, saying that the company would require an allowance of one-horse power per mile in measuring the light by the horse power developed at the dynamo, as it used No. 4 copper wire.

Mr. Cohn's motion in regard to changing the time from two to one year was then put to a vote and carried.

Mr. Cohn also moved that a further amendment be inserted that, if, by actual experiment, the light was not found equal to what they were entitled to, the Council should make a reasonable deduction for the same.

Dr. Sinsabaugh could see no difference between Mr. Cohn's motion and the wording of the contract, and for that reason he did not see why the instrument should be interferred with.

TO BRING THE COMPANY TO TIME.

Mr. Cohn explained his position, and Mr. Earl also spoke at some length, saying that he thought by this means they would be able to get more than a 500-candle-power light out of a 300-candle-power lamp.

Dr. Sinsabaugh called for the reading of the clause in regard to the deductions, which he said allowed the fullest latitude in looking after the city's interests.

Mr. Humphreys offered an amendment, that whenever the Gas Committee or Council was associated with any part of the service they should have the right to employ an expert at the company's expense to investigate the same.

A vote was then taken on Mr. Cohn's amendment and it was adopted.

Mr. Humphreys insisted that his amendment did not conflict with Mr. Cohn's, and the Clerk again read the same, when it was put to a vote and carried. Mr. Cohn moved that the amendment be accepted, and the Mayor, and the Mayor, instructed to sign the same. Mr. Bryant called for the reading of the amended contract, which was done.

The President was about to put the question when Dr. Sinsabaugh said he thought some consideration should be shown the company, in view of the concessions which he had made. He suggested that before any action was taken toward granting the franchise the Council would insist on having the street made 60 feet wide and the contract was so referred.

The Building Committee recommended that the Chief of Police be allowed to expend \$100 in cleaning and calibrating the rooms of the police station, which was adopted.

CITY HALL TOWER.

In regard to the new City Hall, Mr. McNally reported that the Building Committee had examined the building, and was of the opinion that the tower should be reduced to 20 feet in height. The architect did not favor this, and, on motion, it was resolved that the Council should visit the building Wednesday, and secure the opinions of two competent architects.

The Gas Committee recommended that two 900-candle lamps be placed on Angelus Heights, which was adopted.

The Clerk read a quit claim deed of Thomas Meredith to the city for certain real estate in East Los Angeles, and the deed was accepted. The Mayor was also instructed to sign the same. Mr. Cohn moved that the land be retained for the city and the land which had been given for the other real estate and turn it over to Mr. Meredith.

A communication was received from the City Assessor, asking the Council to allow him three office deputies, and Mr. Fisher addressed the Council in advocacy of his petition.

Mr. Hanley moved that the request of the City Assessor be granted, which was seconded by Mr. Threlkeld and Mr. Cohn, and Dr. Sinsabaugh spoke in favor of granting the deputies.

Mr. Hanley's motion was then put, and the deputies were allowed by a vote of 11 to 2.

In regard to reservoir No. 4, Mr. Wilson presented a resolution that the City Attorney examine the papers in connection with the contract, and that the city furnish the committee, and that it be turned over to the city's further time. So ordered.

Mr. Wilson moved that the name of Perry Villa street be changed to Aliso street, which was referred to the Committee on Street Names.

THE CITY'S DATA.

Mr. Wilson said that he understood that an employé named Garrett in the Street Superintendent's office, had a vast amount of information regarding the sewers, which was not of record, and which belonged to the city, and he moved that the same be transcribed and made matters of record.

Mr. Cohn explained how the matter stood, and Mr. Kuhn said that everything had been turned over to him when he was Street Superintendent of Streets. Mr. Wilson said that he had been mistaken in the name of the employé, for which he apologized. Dr. Sinsabaugh said that he was glad to know that the data had been turned over, as it was high time that these cases should be stopped.

After debate, the Street Superintendent made a statement that there were no records of the employé in his office, which was not of record, and which belonged to the city, and he moved that the same be transcribed and made matters of record.

The matter was finally referred to the Sewer Committee.

A large number of bids for the grading of various streets, among them Hope, Anna and First, were presented, and on motion of Mr. Cohn, all bids were referred to the Board of Public Works, and the bonds to the City Attorney for examination.

Messrs. Wilson, Ford and McNally were appointed a committee on charge of street record.

WATCH DOGS OF THE TREASURY.

The Clerk of the Council asked that the warrants for the Street Superintendent and City Surveyor's forces be turned over to those officers, to be by them given to the men. Mr. Cohn objected, saying this would open the door for the old fraud, which had been practiced since 1849, of putting bogus names on the list, up to the time the present system was adopted, and, after debate, the Clerk's motion was carried.

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WATCH DOGS OF THE TREASURY.

The Clerk

A BESTIAL CRIME.

OUTRAGE OF A 10-YEAR-OLD GIRL AT SAN PEDRO.

Account of the Awful Deed as Given by the Arresting Officer — The Friend, Ramsay, a Saloon-keeper, Under Arrest.

One of the most horrible rape cases ever chronicled in Southern California was committed in San Pedro on the 20th of last month, but for some reason it has been kept quiet, and not a line of the affair has appeared in any of the newspapers. It is many of its details it is far more horrible than the famous Gormee case, which created such an excitement in this city about a year ago.

The story is best told in the language of Deputy Constable A. J. Potter of San Pedro, who made the arrest and gave a TIMES reporter the following information regarding the crime yesterday:

"I think it was on the 19th of last month that Lewis Brown of No. 15 Lyon street, East Los Angeles, came to San Pedro with his little stepdaughter, Mary Waiters, who is barely 10 years of age. Brown came down to see me, and I asked him what he wanted with which to pay his board, he went to a saloon kept by Pete Ramsay. Ramsay and Brown were old friends, having known each other for some time, and as soon as Brown showed up Ramsay told him that he and his daughter were welcome, and that he (Ramsay) would do all in his power to assist Brown in securing employment.

"It was near evening when Brown and the little girl visited Ramsay's joint, and the saloon man invited them to pass through the den to the rear, where he slept and ate.

"Ramsay is a singular man, and lives by himself in the miserable den, and Brown hesitated about taking the child to such a place, but he was flat broke and had no choice, so he agreed to do what he could for the girl, he could secure work, so he and the little girl cooked their supper, and quite early in the evening the child was put to bed in the only bed in the room.

"Later in the night Brown and Ramsay retired in the same bed, and all three of them slept there. Brown objected to this arrangement, but there was no help for it, and the girl slept in the same bed, and Brown could secure work, so he and the little girl cooked their supper, and quite early in the evening the child was put to bed in the only bed in the room.

"He was gone all day, and when he returned in the evening he was astonished to find the child still in bed. One glance at the poor little creature told him that she was in great pain, and he asked the girl what the bed and what ailed her. She said she was sick, but did not know what was the matter, and not another word could he get out of her for some time.

When Brown entered the place, Ramsay was behind the bar, but when he went out to ask about his little girl, Ramsay disappeared. Brown then returned to the bed, troubled by the thought of knowing what there.

"She covered her poor little tear-stained face with the greasy old blanket, and amid sobs and moans, told how, after her father left the house in the morning, Ramsay had entered the room and insisted on getting in bed with her. She attempted to run away, but the brute caught her and held his hands behind his back, so he outraged her in a most brutal manner.

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"While he was accomplishing his nefarious purpose, the little thing fainted, and knew nothing more until a few minutes before her father returned. She was then in such a condition that she could not move, and kept quiet until her father came to her assistance.

"He awoke the alarm at once and medical aid was called in. An examination was made and it was found that the child had been shockingly injured. At first the doctors thought the little thing could not recover, but good treatment and the best of nursing brought her around and she was pronounced out of danger, although she had been confined to her bed and is not yet able to walk or even to crawl.

"A complaint was taken out before Justice Tanner and the warrant was placed in my hands. I soon found Ramsay and placed him under arrest. He declared that he was innocent of the charge and swore that he never touched the child, but she identified him and no one in San Pedro made any doubt as to his guilt. He was taken before Justice Tanner and released on \$200 bail. The examination could not be set for the reason that the doctors did not know when the child would be able to testify. A day or two after I had business in Los Angeles and boarded the train. I noticed that Ramsay was on board and made up my mind to catch him for his baseness across my mind that he was trying to escape. At the Long Beach junction my superior officer boarded the train and re-arrested Ramsay.

"The rape fiend was taken back to San Pedro, and his bail was raised to \$500, which he has been unable to give, and remained in jail ever since.

"The little girl was brought to this city, and is now confined to No. 15 Lyon street, East Los Angeles. The case was set for last Friday, but little Mary Waiters was too ill to be removed, and the trial had to be postponed. I have just been over to see her, and I have a certificate from her physician, Mrs. Dr. Wagstaff, in which she says the child will not be able to appear in court next Thursday, the day to which the case was postponed. The Doctor says she cannot tell when the child will be able to appear in court.

"No, there was no attempt made to lynch Ramsay, for the reason that the people did not know the particulars of the case, but if they had, there is no telling what might have happened."

Ramsay has lived in San Pedro a number of years, and is well known. He is an old man of middle age, and has no family. Up to the present time he has borne a very good character, and his friends think he may be able to throw the whole thing on somebody else when the case comes to trial, but none of them are willing to go on his bond, for the reason that they are of the opinion that he was trying to escape when he was re-caught at the Long Beach junction.

TEACHERS.

Certificates Awarded Candidates by the County Board.

At meetings of the County Board of Education, held on December 29th and January 11th and 12th, the following persons were granted teachers' certificates upon credentials, life diplomas, State normal school diplomas, etc.:

Primary-grade Certificates.—Ida L. Baker, Lydia A. Burson, Estelle Cobb, Alice J. Cord, Ella E. Evers, Margaret Graney, Anna S. Griswold, Mrs. Mary E. Haskell, Lura S. Jones, Carrie T. Long, Annie M. Perkins, Minnie Swain, Susie N. Vaughan, Louise Walters.

Grammar-grade Certificates.—Matilda F. Adams, Lucy C. Babcock, Ella M. Baker, Mary M. Baker, Anna B. Baker, Mary E. Bear, Margaret Benedict, Ella J. Betts, Margaret Bingham, Carrie P. Brown, J. Newton Burgess, Mrs. M. L. Chamberlain, O. Clark Crawford, Florence M. Cromer, Mary E. Davis, D. D. Durie, Kate Desmond, Reginia M. Dixon, Anelia A. Dranga, May Egan, Bertha F. Fizmire, Louise Foss, Fannie Franklin, Annie R. Hanlon, Fannie M. Hayes, Clara E. Houghton, B. E. Hunt, Mary E. Hutchinson, Fannie M. Crawford, Kate E. Johnson, Corinne E. King, Rebecca F. Kennedy, Mamie A. Kerrina, Lillian L. Lauber, Sheline Louise Lyde, Florence McCharles, Hugo McDaniel, Minnie McHarry, Lizzie A. McKeon, Lizzie Mardi, Frank Mathews, F. A. Molyneux, Lucine B. Morton, Caroline A. Mueller, Fannie H. Munday, Mary S. Murphy, Julia M. Myers, Annie Newton, Josephine Pallette, Estelle Patten, Harriet L. Parker, Abbie M. Parmenter, Ellen N. Parsons, Sidney H. Perkins, Mathew R. Pendleton, M. J. J. Pheasant, A. E. Poole, Letitia R. Williamson, Carrie Reeves, Nancy E. Rivers, Marian A. Rose, Jessie Rubottom, Nellie Shine, William T. Skilling, Harvey A. Smith, Lulu M. Snook, Rosella Stoermer, Ella L. Stoltenberg, Helen Sullivan, Charles F. Taylor, Helen M. Taylor, Martha Thompson, Calvin D. Tucker, Anna M. Wier, Mary E. Williams, Fannie B. Wilmatt, and H. White, L. Wright.

At the regular semi-annual examinations, held at the Normal building during the week from December 31st to January 5th, 116 candidates for certificates presented themselves. As the result of the examination

certificates were granted last Saturday at the following:

Primary Grade—Helen M. Meade, Emma G. Stewart, Cornelia Ryder, Libbie V. Huey, Belle Coates, Mrs. James N. Pemberton, Lizzie H. Moore, Anna E. Lemon, Carrie Neunk, Grace McNeal, Minnie S. Baxter, Lucy J. Anderson, H. D. Kinney, Alice Bailey, Eleanor M. Joy, J. Wright, Mary A. Hause, Bertha C. Wright, Maggie O'Donoughue, Corinne Lynch, James White, Loreda Brock, Margaret E. Gilck, Lizzie C. Shultz, George W. Waite, Etta M. Muser, Kate Hamilton, Clara Young, Agnes Young, Katie L. Wing, William B. Frackleton, Florence Darby, G. L. Ensign.

Grammar Grade—J. F. West, J. B. Miller, L. L. Hunterman, Winfield S. Hall, C. G. Boynton, Mattie R. Reed, Nellie M. White, J. C. Owen, Fred A. Seavey.

Libbie Snyder and E. E. St. Clair, holding second grade certificates, were granted primary certificates after passing examinations in extra subjects.

RENEWALS.

First grade certificates of the following persons were granted and replaced by grammar grade certificates:

A. E. Baker, Mary H. Buckham, Edwin Clark, W. R. Chandler, Jennie L. Curtis, Flora Denton, John M. Dunsmoor, Jennie C. Gould, John P. Greeley, A. L. Hamilton, George D. Howland, F. E. Perham, George Riley, Carrie Roberts, Alice L. Sibley, Anna L. Tracy, Fannie Tracy, Fannie Wright, Francis P. Wright.

Maggie Tracy, Nora Tracy and Blanche E. Leviele were recommended to the State Board of Education as applicants for educational diplomas, and Mrs. M. J. Greenman as an applicant for life diplomas.

Grammar school course certificates were granted, upon credentials, to A. E. Baker, Lizzie A. Packard and Emily A. Rice.

HERE'S A STATE OF THINGS

Four Suits Pending Against the International Company.

Four suits were entered in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday, by George Fuller, attorney for the International Company of Mexico, on removal from the Superior Court of San Diego county. The first is a case brought by William Denton to recover \$1,200,000 for surveying in Lower California. This is the same case that was originally brought by Denton in the Circuit Court, and which was dismissed for want of jurisdiction, the plaintiff being an alien and the defendant a Connecticut corporation.

Denton then brought a new suit in the Superior Court at San Diego, in which the defendant was not named, but the case was dismissed, but obtained an order for removal to the Circuit Court. The second case is brought by R. E. Newland to recover \$10,160.11, claimed to be due her for services and commissions and for money paid out for the use of the defendant. The third case is brought by C. W. Smith, claiming \$100,000 damages. On the 11th this suit was filed, for damages, from representations in inducing plaintiff to enter into a contract for the sale of certain lands in Lower California, and the other half is claimed for alleged breach by the defendant of the same contract. The fourth case is brought by Ricardo Orosco to recover the value of 10 days' services as a civil engineer in surveying the line of the Pennsylvania railway in Lower California, and keep ring maps and profiles of the definitive line thereof. The complaint alleges that the services were worth \$5000, and that \$5252.75 have been paid on account, and that there remains due \$2477.25.

He Raids the Tiger and Amuses the Politicians

(Sacramento Bee)

Sid Lucy, the well-known politician from Los Angeles, was in luck last night. Sid soon found this out and started in to break the Second and K streets fare bank. He was so successful that the fare people began to get nervous and tried to coax Sid to go away. Sid, however, was not disposed to desist, as long as his luck remained. To make the tiger more agreeable to the bank he went down stairs and collected \$30 each from sundry Senators and Assemblymen, with which he immediately went upstairs again. The statesmen who had invested to make up their "incidental expenses" had not long to wait for the result of Sid's trip. The Los Angeles operator returned and handed out to each a large sum of shiny gold pieces in place of the one thousand invested. Wine was opened and Sid was staked again by another party for a second attack on the bank. Sid's luck never deserted him. As often as he was sent upstairs by the lawmakers, just so often he returned with the money trebled or quadrupled. Wine followed each successful onslaught on the tiger's tiger. Sid just kept on drinking to his good luck and theirs. "There are no flies on the boughs," said a disconsolate individual who had been disappointed at not receiving an appointment.

He Raids the Tiger and Amuses the Politicians

(Sacramento Bee)

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Vol XV..... No. 43

THE TIMES ANNUAL.

THE TIMES Annual for 1889 is now on sale to the trade and the general public. It may be purchased from the newsboys, at the bookstores, or singly and in quantities at the TIMES office.

It is a 56-page publication, equivalent in bulk of contents to a 200-page book, chock full of valuable and interesting matter. It is specially adapted for sending to friends at a distance, who desire information regarding this section, its compilation having been undertaken with special reference to this purpose. The sending of one copy is better than the writing of one hundred letters. It contains a carefully prepared statement of Southern California's many advantages and few drawbacks, together with a complete exposition of our resources.

Following are the prices of the Annual:

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The plates and matrices for the Annual are all intact, ready for the printing of any number of copies that may be called for. We hope to have drafts made upon us for thousands of these papers.

City subscribers who would like to show their appreciation of the faithful carriers who have served them through rain and shine (principally shine) during the 366 days of the year, have an opportunity to do so, to a slight extent, by purchasing of them 10, 25 or 50 copies of the Annual—ready today—thus giving them the benefit of the profit on the paper.

The rate of postage on THE TIMES Annual is two cents for each copy. This can be saved by ordering through the office which pays on the matter by the pound.

THE NEW YORK WORLD is going to emulate the Herald's seat of enterprise by sending Thomas Stevens, the bicyclist, to Africa to endeavor to discover the discoverer of Livingstone, and also Emin Pasha, who is supposed to be with Stanley.

JAY GOULD's wife has succumbed to a protracted disease and has gone to join the great majority. Gould is said to have been devotedly attached to his wife, and would doubtless have given up all his millions to prolong her life, but when confronted by the Angel of Death the richest man in America is as powerless as the poorest tramp.

THE gathering of delegates of Southern California boards of trade and chambers of commerce, which meets in Los Angeles today, may accomplish much good if the delegates make up their minds to meet practical questions in a practical manner, and not to waste their time in reaching out after the desirable but at present unattainable.

ROYALTY has received a severe snub in England. The Royal College of Surgeons, having adopted a resolution severely censuring Mackenzie for publishing his book about the illness of the German Emperor, and Mackenzie having learned of the fact, he invoked the direct interference of Empress Frederick and the Queen to head off the resolution. The Empress wrote a letter to the college, through the member who proposed the resolution, beseeching them not to take such a step, and indicating that Mackenzie wrote the book at the solicitation of herself and the Queen, and that any censure passed on him must necessarily reflect on them, but notwithstanding this strong appeal, the college decided to side with the German doctors. It is generally believed in England that professional jealousy, rather than professional honor, is at the bottom of this action.

THE new gold camp in Yuma county has had its baptism of blood, in the shape of a murder. It is a common saying in the mining regions that no camp amounts to anything until it has had a "man for breakfast"—a very questionable foundation upon which to build a boom. By the way, a majority of those who are now crowding into Harqua Harla will be trying to get back within a few weeks. Eight years ago there was a big rush from Los Angeles to Arizona, but most of those who went have found their way back again before this. Now, that speculation is no longer so rife here as it once was, some restless spirits are again looking across the Colorado with yearning eyes. Our advice to these people—unless they are "well heeled," and can afford an excursion—is to stay where water, at least, is free, however hard they may find it to earn "grub," rather than go to a place which is forty miles from the nearest well.

The Situation at Samoa.

A few days ago a dispatch was received from London to the effect that European diplomatic circles were excited about the prospect of trouble arising between Germany and the United States over the Samoan question. This morning we publish a dispatch stating that the Germans are much satisfied with the announcement by the American Government that the United States had no interest in Samoa that warranted it in maintaining a controversy with the German Government. Nothing is known in this country of any such remarkable statement on the part of our Government, and if any has been made, it must have been kept discreetly private by Secretary Bayard, who perhaps fears further public criticism of his weak-kneed foreign policy.

This Samoan question has grown in importance so gradually that few who are not specially interested in it have any very clear idea of the issues at stake. A glance at the origin and progress of the dispute may therefore prove interesting to our readers.

About a year ago the Germans, who are largely interested by settlement and commerce in these islands, deposed the king, Malitoa, and established a chief named Tamasese at the head of the government.

This cruel and bloodthirsty tyrant, besides being a mere tool in the hands of the Germans, so heavily taxed the already poor populace that they rose in rebellion to dethrone him, and established a chief named Mataafa, a brother of the late king, upon the throne. They recognize in all of the arbitrary acts of Tamasese the influence of the agent of the German mercantile corporation, one Brandeis by name, as really controlling the affairs of the islands, and by whose advice Tamasese was governed. Brandeis is an ex-German officer, and is said to be well versed in the arts of modern warfare. He is the real head of Tamasese's army. A battle was fought between the forces of Tamasese and those of Mataafa, at Apia, in which Tamasese's party was worsted. They then removed to a place about eight miles distant from Apia, and established a fortification almost impregnable from the rear and accessible only in front by a narrow strip of land about 50 yards wide. This pass Brandeis has covered by a Gatling gun, secured by German influences. The party of Tamasese are provisioned from the stores of the German corporation, which stores are landed under the German flag, and their position is almost impregnable, notwithstanding which fact, in recent fighting, the forces of King Mataafa have secured considerable advantage over those of the German protégé.

Why Sacramento should have an art gallery is a mystery too profound to attempt to fathom—not but that the men are artful, and the ladies (particularly those who hang around the art galleries and art salons) are "Sister Revere" come to us in the nursery as a substitute for "Munchausen" and "Burton's Anatomy of Melancholia," usurps the field assigned to "Bill Nye," so long must the uses of Sacramentoans for the Crocker Art Gallery be an unknown quantity. To be sure, a man cannot carry a whole lot of 4x8 pictures of "A Lady" by Sir Peter Lely, or in his own pocket, as he is evidently trying to do, he is a dazed, loitering homewander after a night session, but is more compensated for the tourist by the original and picturesque effects always occurring in street laid out in this cut and dried pattern.

Meantime the tiger—the real, painted, striped critter—prances unchained in the city. You find him at every corner, and Sacramentoans view him as quite a harmless institution—such contempt doth familiarity breed.

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At Apia are an English and American gunboat and a German corvette, to protect the commercial interests of their respective Governments. The German vessel, becoming tired of provisioning the army of Tamasese, threatened a couple of months ago, to bombard the besieging forces of Mataafa and drive them away from the fort, claiming as a pretense for such action that they were encamped upon German ground and had committed depredations upon German property. The British and American vessels at once got up steam and followed the German corvette. The American commander sent word to Tamasese that he understood his fort was on American property, and threatened to shell him unless restitution was made for depredations committed on American citizens.

It looked at that time very much like a general rumpus, but after a consultation between the German Consul and Mataafa, the German vessel returned to Apia, followed by the English and American boats, and the attitude of armed neutrality was again resumed.

The English flag had been planted on the ground occupied by Mataafa to prevent the Germans from firing upon him. On the other hand, the German man-of-war has warned Mataafa that Tamasese's forces are on German territory, and that if they were attacked the German guns would open fire on Mataafa.

Since that time affairs have grown more complicated, and more German war vessels have been ordered to Samoa. It will thus be seen that the Germans are forcibly supporting a king who is not acceptable to the natives, having previously abducted the former king. Unless they back down from the arrogant position which they seem to have assumed, it is difficult to see how a clash can be avoided after the new Administration comes in and we have a Secretary of State who is not afraid to maintain the honor of our flag.

Once More—First Street.

From Fort to Los Angeles, First street has now been put in passable condition. From Los Angeles to Alameda, it is still in as deplorable and dismal a state as ever. What little paving is being done on this section is progressing at a rate which promises to need two years for its completion. Furthermore, the road is blockaded by barriers erected months ago by the cable railroad company, so that traffic is almost impossible, and the sidewalks being mostly quagmires, both pedestrians and vehicles go half a mile out of their way rather than attempt to traverse the street. As a consequence, the small stores along the street have had to close their doors one after another for lack of patronage, and those which remain are rapidly drifting into bankruptcy. Not the least evil connected with this wretched state of affairs is the vile and poisonous odor which guarantees a big crop of fevers and malaria to the surrounding neighborhood.

Petitions and protests on this subject seem to have no effect whatever on the Council. Residents and property-owners will have to try and discover some other more or less legal manner of puncturing the tough cuticle of the City Fathers. It is difficult to believe that they have engaged in a deliberate

attempt to depreciate First-street property, but whatever their motive may be, that is the effect of this action—or rather lack of action.

AMUSEMENTS.

AT THE OPERA-HOUSE.—It would hardly be more than fair to praise every number on the programme of Leavitt's vaudeville performance that gave its opening last night. As usual the audience were kept waiting until between 8:30 and 9 o'clock, and entertained by the comedian upstairs, but from the rise of the curtain until its fall there was no reason for impatience or lack of interest. A comical marionette dance, where the skeleton went to bed in bits, was followed by a "jig" dancing by the Donals; Kate Daniel, being a real Irish beauty, and perfect if her pretty, agile feet might sing for her, unassisted by a hoarse voice. Space is lacking for the detail of the ample programme, but its excellence throughout should fill the house every night of the week, despite other attractions.

LOS ANGELES THEATER.—Ben Cotton and his daughter and his company repeated *Our Old Home* last night, and tonight will give a second domestic drama called *Black Diamonds*.

SACRAMENTO SIGHTS.

THE TOWN Polished Off, Done Up, and Combed Down.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 12.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] To Boulougne-Sur-Mer, in San Juan-by-the-Sea, why not Sacramento-by-the-Canal? It has towpaths, like a canal, and is furnished with innumerable arks that are a vigorous hybrid between a canal-boat and a Venetian gondola. The cause of the Venetian analogy is self-evident. The lower part of the city is chronically submerged, and the inhabitants are happy though moist, if the ordinary humidity of their front yards is only knee-deep; beyond that, they take refuge in gondolas. Since the canal is too narrow for a ship, and raising modesty would lead one to think it was a daughter. As a credulous believer in all California wonders, I am willing to accept the sun hypothesis, hoping in a future letter to assure you that my confidence has not been misplaced nor I made the victim of a ghost story.

To be sure the mud is somewhat damp, but you could easily contemplate a bath when you have awfully asplings as to color when you emerge. If you are of dark and swarthy complexion you run no risk; blondevs hate only at their peril. If you would drink, Sacramentoans will point proudly to the superior vintage of their corn, and truly, so long as you refrain from adulterating it with the wine of the valley, you will be safe. The water is good, though not quite as good as the water of the valley. The growth of dyspepsia, the catholic and liberal-minded observer overlooks them and cannot fail to be impressed with Sacramento's feral beauties and wonders. She sprawled out like a stranded jelly-fish, with her streets all mathematical and square, and an immediate wish of dissolution. After all, these trivialities are only the outer growth of dyspepsia, the catholic and liberal-minded observer overlooks them and cannot fail to be impressed with Sacramento's feral beauties and wonders. 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WASHINGTON.

Utah People Protest Against Admission.

Gen. Vandever Receives a Memorial from Los Angeles.

Democratic Opposition to the Tariff Bill Becoming Feeble.

Secretary Whitney Waking Up to the Fact that American Interests at Samoa and on the Isthmus Are in Jeopardy—Other Washington News.

By Telegraph to the Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] The bearing by the House Committee on Territories on the claims of the Territory of Utah for admission as a State of the Union was continued today. Mr. J. R. McBride of Salt Lake City addressed the committee in opposition to the proposition for admission. He represented, he said, what might be termed the sentiment of the Territory. Wherever the Mormons had been, for some reason or other, they had been unable to get along with anybody except their own people. Their history had been one of constant struggle against the people and open rebellion in the Territory of Utah against the laws of the United States. His chief incident was understood to be that when the Mormons had been unable to land cause to the people not from the Government, but through the Mormon Church. Why is it, he asked, that these people have been unable to live in harmony with any people? There was no explanation except the one that they themselves gave—that their system of government, with all its faults, was the theory of the Mormon Church, he said, was that all man-made governments are illegal. In a word, his objection to the admission of Utah as a State was because he believed the majority of the people of Utah are theocrats, who believe in a government of the priesthood, and do not believe in any other system of government.

Further hearing was postponed until Wednesday.

IDAHO PROTESTS.

Mr. Ingalls today laid before the Senate a memorial from the Legislature of Idaho, protesting against the proposed admission of Utah. The memorial says that the members of the Mormon Church largely outnumber the royal Gentile citizens of said Territory, and consequently will, and for many years to come would, have absolute control of all elections therein; that all pretenses of the abandonment of bigamy, polygamy and other crimes against the law for the purpose of deceiving persons unacquainted with the abhorred practices of the Mormon Church, and to thus create a feeling favorable to the proposed admission of said Territory of Utah. The memorial asks also that a legislative commission be created for the government of said Territory.

NAVAL PREPARATIONS.

Ships to be Sent to Samoa and the Isthmus.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] The Sun's Washington special says the Berlin dispatch announcing great satisfaction in the German capital over the announcement by the American Government that the United States had no interest in Samoa that warranted it in maintaining a controversy with the German Government, and that the latter would probably send reinforcements to Samoa, is supposed here to refer to some dispatch from Secretary Bayard not included in the official correspondence already made public, and is perhaps later than any of the published correspondence.

The activity of the Navy Department in preparing three or four cruisers for sea service, with the marked indisposition on the part of the Secretary of the Navy to tell what the service was to be, is believed by gentlemen who have been watching the Samoa affair to indicate that a naval force will be sent to Samoa, but that it will not have notice in advance of the departure of the ships. There was a great deal more of the Navy Department than of the State Department in the dispatch of marines to Panama in 1885, and Whitney is more favorable to a spirited foreign policy than Bayard is.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The Secretary of the Navy has issued instructions to Rear Admiral Kimberley, commanding the Pacific station, to proceed in the United States steamer Trenton to Samoa for the purpose of protecting American interests on that island. The Trenton was at Panama at last accounts watching the progress of events on the Isthmus. She will be joined by the Yarmouth, and probably the Mohican, now fitting out at San Francisco, and the United States steamer Atlanta, now fitting out at New York, will be ordered to take station on the other side, near Aspinwall. There is considerable apprehension of trouble on the Isthmus, and it has been deemed advisable to have some naval force there.

Commission General Sewall was before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations today, and continued his recital of events of the past year or two on the Samoan Islands. He was interrogated with particular reference to the communications that passed between himself and the State Department with regard to his efforts to protect American interests on the islands. He will be further examined by the committee tomorrow.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

A Los Angeles Memorial to be Presented in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] Representative Vandever received this afternoon a memorial from the Chamber of Commerce of Los Angeles urging the acquisition, by negotiation, of the peninsula of Lower California. The memorial will be presented to the House tomorrow.

SUPREME COURT RULINGS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The Supreme Court today rendered an opinion dismissing, for want of jurisdiction, the application for a writ of error in the case of George W. Farnsworth, a citizen of the U.S. Territory of Montana. Farnsworth was convicted of violation of the statute of Montana Territory making it a misdemeanor for any person to sell goods as a commercial traveler without having first secured a license.

The Supreme Court today granted the motion to advance for hearing the case of Ch. Chace against the United States, and assigned it for argument on the second Monday in March. This is the case brought to test the constitutionality of the Scott Chinese Exclusion Act.

OREGON WAGON ROADS.

The House Committee on Public Lands has ordered a report upon the bills to recover lands granted to aid the construction of wagon roads in Oregon.

The bill which the committee will report is the Senate measure commonly known as the the Dolph Bill. It proposes a direct suit brought in Oregon by the Government against derelict corporations to recover such lands as are coterminous with parts of wagon road not constructed in accordance to the requirements of the granting acts.

Chairman Holman had introduced in the House a bill on the same subject much more severe in terms and intended to carry out the President's suggestion dealing with wagon-road corporations.

THE GREAT SIOUX RESERVATION.

Senator Dawes today introduced a bill for the division of the great Sioux reservation in Dakota. It requires the consent of the Indians to be obtained to the opening of the reservation, and that the fund arising from the sale of lands shall be held in trust for the six different tribes instead of being held in a lump sum for the whole nation.

Mr. Govey introduced in the House today a bill substantially similar in its provisions to the bill introduced by Senator Sherman to alter regulations as to the

times, places and manner of holding elections for Representatives in Congress.

THREE NOTABLE BILLS.

Among the bills introduced in the House under the call of States were:

By Mr. Vandever of California: Constitution of San Luis Obispo a port of entry and delivery.

By Mr. Plumb of Illinois: To refund the interest-bearing debt of the United States.

By Mr. Bland of Missouri: For the free coinage of silver.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

The Comptroller of the Currency has appointed S. P. Young of San Francisco receiver of the California National Bank.

The President and Mrs. Cleveland were entertained at dinner tonight by the Secretary of State and Miss Bayard. Other members of the Cabinet were present.

Pensions have been granted to James A. Dix of Pasadena and J. C. Lethers of Los Angeles.

It is now said that the wool schedule in the Senate Tariff Bill will probably be amended so as to provide for a clearer and more definite distinction between the several classes of wool, so as to prevent importation of any grade without paying the duty which rightly attaches to it.

The President has nominated Thomas C. Anderson of Iowa to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Utah.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), Jan. 14.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—In the Senate the Committee on Public Lands reported the Senate bill authorizing the entry of a certain tract of land (320 acres) for town-site purposes for the town of Flagstaff, Ariz., and it was passed.

Mr. Hoar introduced a concurrent resolution for counting the votes for President and Vice-President, which was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. It provides that the two houses of Congress assemble in the Hall of Representatives on Wednesday, the 15th of February, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon; that the President of the Senate be the presiding officer; that two persons be appointed as tellers on the part of the Senate and two on the part of the House to make a list of votes and report the result to the President of the Senate, who is to preside each side.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Jan. 14.—Gov. Fifer was inaugurated this afternoon in the presence of a brilliant assemblage.

THE KAISER SPEAKS.

Emperor William's Address on Opening the Landtag.

BERLIN, Jan. 14.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The Landtag was opened today with great pomp. The ministers of state, court dignitaries, diplomats and many generals were in attendance. When the Emperor entered the White Hall he was enthusiastically cheered.

The Emperor in his speech declared that all foreign relations of the country were friendly. He said that during his recent visits to friendly sovereigns he had gained the conviction that Germany might confidently cherish the hope of peace. The financial position of the country is satisfactory. The increase of 200,000,000 marks in the savings banks showed that trade had improved. The satisfactory character of finances had enabled the Government to further reduce taxation.

The measures announced by the Emperor are bills to further increase the emoluments of the clergy of all denominations, to improve the position of the teachers in the elementary schools, for the development of railways, and that an assignment of extraordinary resources to further extend them be asked; that credit be asked for relief of sufferers by the floods in 1888.

The speech was frequently applauded. Bismarck was not present. The Emperor was heartily cheered as he left the chamber.

INAUGURATED.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 14.—Gov. Hovey was inaugurated this afternoon. President-elect Harrison was present.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.), Jan. 14.—D. R. Francis was inaugurated Governor this morning. No parade was held. The oath of office was administered and the ceremony was in the simplest form admitted by law.

SPRINGFIELD (Ill.), Jan. 14.—Gov. Fifer was inaugurated this afternoon in the presence of a brilliant assemblage.

THE CLOONE VICTIMS.

READING (Pa.), Jan. 14.—Six more victims of the cyclone were buried today. The Relief Committee in dispensing its charity has discovered about a dozen persons who were badly hurt, but who were not reported.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 14.—At the Coroner's inquest into the mud disaster, the evidence produced showed that the building had been constructed with good material, and that the storm alone was responsible for the fall of the structure.

Shortening the time.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—It is semi-officially stated that officials of the Union and Southern Pacific railroads are endeavoring to effect an arrangement with certain lines east of Council Bluffs which will give a through service between San Francisco and Chicago for the transcontinental traffic. The officials of the railroads have stated that the officials hope to arrange for a shortening of time between this city and New York by over twelve hours on the present schedule.

SECTION CONTINUED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14.—The hearing of the contest of Henry S. Martin (Rep.) against William E. Dinnan (Dem.) for Assemblyman from the Thirtieth District was begun today before Justices of the Peace, and it is adjourned.

J. W. Garthorne (Rep.) began proceedings in a justice's court today in contesting the election of E. J. Reynolds (Dem.) for Assemblyman from the Thirtieth Assembly.

A CHICKEN CASE.

SAN JOSE, Jan. 14.—The case of Louis Wunderland against Mrs. Ida Schmidlin was decided in favor of the plaintiff today. The plaintiff, whose boy, about eight years of age, was arrested for killing chickens in San Jose, was found guilty, and his guardian brought a suit for \$6000 damages for malicious prosecution.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list oil and orange flower, and to substitute needles. Rejected.

Mr. Allison suggested to Mr. Vest not to consume time unnecessarily in offering these items in detail, but to move to strike out all oils on the free list, if there was any reason why they should be omitted.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list oil of neroli, or orange flower, and to substitute needles. Rejected.

Mr. Vest moved to strike out of the free list star of roses and to substitute salt.

After a long discussion, the bill was laid aside without action on the pending amendment.

Mr. Chandler introduced a bill reviving the grade of Lieutenant-General of the United States Army, and authorizing the President to appoint any Major General to the position.

The Senate then adjourned.

House.—In the House, immediately after reading the journal, Mr. Randall, from the Committee on Rules, reported a resolution regarding the internal revenue features of the bill. It refers to the reference to the Committee on Appropriations. The members of the Ways and Means Committee opposed the motion. The motion was agreed to, yeas, 129; nays, 91.

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PASADENA NEWS.

A FRIGHTENED ANIMAL KILLS A MAN.

Sad Death of Councilman Turner—The Valley Hunt Ball—Woodford Leaves Us—Another Runaway—Personal and Local News.

PASADENA, Jan. 14.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] The Valley Hunt ball takes place at the Carlton tomorrow evening. A large number of invitations have been issued, and many guests of the Raymond will attend. It will be a swell affair.

A SAD DEATH.

Councilman Turner was the victim of an awful death this morning. At about 9 o'clock he left home in his buggy for the Raymond station, where he was to meet some relatives by street car. He had crossed the track of the California Central Railroad, and in attempting to recross in order to accustom the animal to the escaping steam and noise of the locomotive, he was thrown out of the buggy and dashed against a signal post. The animal, frightened and driverless, made a dash for liberty, completely wrecking the buggy. Mr. Turner was almost instantly killed, the blood oozing from his mouth and ears. His head was badly mangled and the brains were scattered promiscuously about. The injured man was taken to his home at the corner of Fair Oaks avenue and Walnut street, and medical aid summoned. Life, however, was of short duration, death relieving him of his sufferings within half an hour afterward.

Deceased was in his fiftieth year and a man of family. He has a son who is now a student at the State University. For many years he has been a member of the City Council, and was chairman of several committees in that body. As a mark of respect the Council Chamber has been draped.

Mr. Turner was an old resident here and had accumulated considerable property. He was a member of the Lodge of A.O.U.W. and of the Grand Army.

The funeral will in all probability take place from his late residence on Wednesday.

AT THE TABERNACLE.

George Woodford lectured before a large audience in the Free Methodist Church at Washington Heights this evening on the results of intemperance. Last evening was his crowning effort in the Tabernacle, and the lecturer was greeted by a large audience. Mr. Woodford opened his address with a heavy cannonade against the gentleman who had sought notoriety in the press by publishing slanderous articles tending to assail and damage the reputation of the city. If the gentleman who signed himself "Progress," was present, he received his share of condemnation by the speaker. The remainder of the lecture was devoted to a hasty résumé of the drink habit and its evil effects.

People who were wise in their own conceit were also bitterly attacked by the speaker. In closing he made a brief allusion to his success and his cordial treatment by press and public. George Woodford has lectured in this city during the past two weeks, and has reaped a golden harvest in enlisting recruits in the legions of total abstainers.

The Board of Trade will hold a regular business session tomorrow afternoon, when important business will be transacted. Clarence Warner of Los Angeles will appear before the board. The Riggins children gave an entertainment in Williams's Hall to a fair audience.

Thd young married men will give their second hop in Williams's Hall on Wednesday evening. The music will be of a very high order.

The annual report of the secretary of the Y.M.C.A. has been received. It shows 162 visits made to sick men, 13 watches for ill people, 10 lectures, 14 concerts, 5 practical talks and 53 gospel meetings.

Dr. H. N. Hall, A.M., Ph.D., will shortly leave this city to accept an extensive practice in an eastern city. In this city he enjoyed a very lucrative practice and can count friends by the score.

The Pasadena ball team feel somewhat sore over their defeat at the hands of the Los Angeles team on Saturday. Another game will be played shortly in Sportsman's Park.

Fred Smith of this city was thrown from his carriage at Garvanza this morning, and received in his fall a severe contusion on the head, besides other injuries. He was brought home and his wounds dressed. He is now resting comfortably and will in all probability be around in a fortnight.

PERSONAL.

J. R. Bowler and W. L. Vail are at Arrowhead Springs. Mud baths will be the theme of their discourse when they get home.

Ed. McCord of Chicago is at the Carlton.

E. E. and R. R. Haines of Los Angeles were visitors in the city today.

J. F. Phelps of Schuyler, Neb., was in the city this morning.

J. B. Warner of San Francisco is at the Carlton.

BANK ELECTION.

Important Changes in the Southern California National.

The stockholders of the Southern California National Bank, at a meeting held yesterday, elected the following directors: D. Remick, Thomas Goss, L. N. Breed, Charles E. Day, E. C. Bodishell, H. T. Newell, M. Hagan, W. F. Bodishell, Louis Gottschalk, H. A. Barclay and Frank Rader. The old directors who retire are: Ben E. Ward, John L. Redick and D. M. Graham. The new directors who take their places are: D. Remick, Thomas Goss and Louis Gottschalk.

L. N. Breed was elected president of the bank, W. F. Bodishell, vice-president, and C. N. Flint, cashier. Mr. Flint has been connected with the First National Bank for nearly three years and is known as a man of excellent business methods.

The bank was reported in a flourishing condition and the usual dividend was declared in addition to increasing the surplus fund from \$15,000 to \$20,000.

A Wife.

Michael McDermott, a tough citizen, was arrested on Spring street yesterday afternoon by Officer Cooney, and locked up on a charge of battery. McDermott beat his wife in a most brutal manner, and threw her out into the street. Wife-beating is a favorite pastime with McDermott, and whenever he is in liquor, which is pretty much all the time, his better half has to suffer. He has just been discharged from the County Jail, where he served a term for the same offense.

Executive Committee.

The following have been appointed the Executive Committee of the Chamber of Commerce: Hervey Lindsey, M. L. Wick, E. W. Jones, J. B. Lankership, and F. C. Garbutt. The committee will meet at 3 p.m. tomorrow to organize.

MRS. LORD

Fined \$25 for Disorderly Conduct—A Breezy Scene.

A few evenings ago Mrs. Mary Lord, who is said to be a somewhat prominent figure in local family circles, was arrested by Officers Dorsey and Schonbeck for disturbing the peace on San Pedro and Second streets. She was charged by the officers with seizing Albert Osthoff, at one time a particular friend of hers, by the slack of his pantaloons, rushing him about on the side walk, using very forcible language, and raising Cain generally. Yesterday she came up for trial before Justice Lockwood.

The Court thought it best to hear something about the case, and Officer Dorsey was placed on the stand. His evidence was as stated above.

When Mrs. Lord was asked if she wished to make any questions, she entered into an argument with the officer as to whether she was drunk or not, and as to whether he arrested her. She told the officer that right then on the stand he had told three distinct and separate lies. The officer retorted: "Yes, you were drunk and you're no lady," to which Mrs. Lord replied by saying: "I am." And when he asked of the language he used, the defendant again told him he lied.

Benjamin, a reporter, who saw her arrested, testified that Mrs. Lord did use some strong language, but that he did not think she was drunk—only excited.

Mrs. Lord called no witnesses on her behalf, and the court ordered her to pay a fine of \$25, or to be sent to the County jail to board the amount out. She was, however, allowed to go on her own recognition until 5 o'clock to get the fine.

The fine was subsequently paid.

FRANTIC RUNAWAY.

A Horse Tries to Bolt Into the Hollebeck Office.

Quite a commotion was caused at the corner of Spring and Second streets about 9 o'clock last evening by the frantic antics of a runaway horse. The animal dashed up Second street to Spring, when he swerved south, and ran at full tilt against the iron railing of the staircase leading to the Hollebeck barber shop, in the basement of the building. The force of the shock knocked the horse down, and when he got on his feet he ran up the sidewalk, scattering the people in every direction, but fortunately injuring no one. The iron railing in front of the staircase was all that kept the frightened animal from bolting at full tilt into the office and Readiness Room. The horse gashed and scolded in every direction, and it was several minutes before they recovered their usual equanimity, while for half an hour or more crowds of people hung about the place, examining the iron railing, where it was bent, and looking down the cellar for the horse.

Ten-mile Race.

Should the weather be at all favorable today the 10-mile race, changing horses at the end of each mile, between Henry Peppers the colored rider, and Miss Myrtle Peek for \$250 a side will come off this afternoon at the Agricultural Park track. As the inside sand track, which is always in fair running condition, will not do, the horses will not suffer an interval from yesterday's rain. The horses, four for each rider, will be chosen by lot to add to the interest of the race.

By Steam-r.

The steamer City of Puebla sailed north yesterday with the following passengers:

For San Francisco—J. W. McIntosh, J. C. Cunningham, Mrs. McIntosh, Adolphus C. W. Hoffman, H. A. Thompson, N. Landsberg, L. Strasser, L. P. W. Brown, Roy Walkins, John Bauman, A. P. Robinson, George Stocker, Arthur Levy, H. Steinwein, W. H. Mahoney, L. C. Campbell, S. Sittmeyer, Miss C. Hammond, C. Whylie, L. Geohi, A. M. Sledley and wife, A. C. Stewart and wife, C. H. Webb, wife and son, A. S. McGraw and wife, Alex McLean, J. N. Jensen, Paul Reicker, Oscar Huber, and eight in steerage.

Convention of Boards of Trade.

Some weeks ago a convention of the Boards of Trade of Southern California was called to meet in this city for the purpose of devising ways and means for the future advancement of Southern California. The convention will assemble this morning at 10 o'clock in the Board of Trade rooms, on the corner of Fort and First streets. There are delegates in town from San Diego, Santa Barbara, Inyo and other counties, and it is hoped that the attendance will be large and representative.

The young married men will give their second hop in Williams's Hall on Wednesday evening. The music will be of a very high order.

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Quite a commotion was caused at the corner of Spring and Second streets about 9 o'clock last evening by the frantic antics of a runaway horse. The animal dashed up Second street to Spring, when he swerved south, and ran at full tilt against the iron railing of the staircase leading to the Hollebeck barber shop, in the basement of the building. The force of the shock knocked the horse down, and when he got on his feet he ran up the sidewalk, scattering the people in every direction, but fortunately injuring no one. The iron railing in front of the staircase was all that kept the frightened animal from bolting at full tilt into the office and Readiness Room. The horse gashed and scolded in every direction, and it was several minutes before they recovered their usual equanimity, while for half an hour or more crowds of people hung about the place, examining the iron railing, where it was bent, and looking down the cellar for the horse.

When Mrs. Lord was asked if she wished to make any questions, she entered into an argument with the officer as to whether she was drunk or not, and as to whether he arrested her. She told the officer that right then on the stand he had told three distinct and separate lies. The officer retorted: "Yes, you were drunk and you're no lady," to which Mrs. Lord replied by saying: "I am." And when he asked of the language he used, the defendant again told him he lied.

Benjamin, a reporter, who saw her arrested, testified that Mrs. Lord did use some strong language, but that he did not think she was drunk—only excited.

Mrs. Lord called no witnesses on her behalf, and the court ordered her to pay a fine of \$25, or to be sent to the County jail to board the amount out. She was, however, allowed to go on her own recognition until 5 o'clock to get the fine.

The fine was subsequently paid.

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THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The date for the Modini concert at Armory Hall has been changed from Friday to Thursday next.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union Telegraph office for J. Levison and Mr. Ybert.

Special attention is called to a change of time on the California Central (Santa Fe route) which took place today.

The calendar was called yesterday in both of the United States Courts and dates set for the time of the cases on record.

A license to marry was yesterday issued to Thomas B. Allon and Miss Louise F. Miller, daughter of John Milner of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank.

The examination of Ah Yum for discharging a pistol at a half-breed Peruvian woman a few days ago was yesterday continued to the 24th by Justice Lockwood.

J. A. Myers and J. Hughes, two hackmen arrested for disturbing the peace by quarreling on the street, were fined \$5 each yesterday by Justice Lockwood.

Kate McDermott had her husband, Michael Fatty, arrested yesterday for beating her. Justice Lockwood set his trial for the 31st and his bail at \$50.

Suit was commenced yesterday in the United States Court by the United States against Chatham Hahn to set aside the patent to certain lands in San Diego county.

The meeting for women to have been held at Fort-street Church yesterday failed to materialize, owing to the rain, and will occur next Saturday at the same time and place.

Lydia Thompson, the burlesque actress, who was taken sick Saturday, remains at the Westinian. She was reported somewhat better yesterday, though still unable to leave her bed.

Thomas White and John Doe, alias Chicago Fatty, charged with robbing a drunken man, were yesterday held to answer in \$200 bonds before the Superior Court by Justice Lockwood.

A drunken Mexican created a disturbance on Alameda street last evening at 8 o'clock, and was arrested by Officer Miller. He was too drunk to give his name, and was taken by Doe.

COULDN'T SERVE IT.

An Attachment Against Tom Flynn in Abeyance.

The boys about the Sheriff's office had the laugh on M. L. Wicks yesterday. Early in the day Mr. Wicks rushed into the office and ejaculated:

"I have attachment papers here for \$46,773 on T. J. Flynn, the Pasadena real-estate man, and I want the attachment made at once. You must rush that out there at once, for it is of the greatest importance," And Mr. Wicks danced about the office.

"T. J. Flynn?" coolly replied Undersheriff Thornton.

"Yes, yes; that's the name!"

"It seems to me that I have heard that name before."

"You of course have. Everybody in the county knows Tom Flynn. But why don't you hurry up?"

"Well, I'm afraid we have not a single deputy who can serve those papers."

"Can't serve the papers?" Why—why, sir, I never heard of such a thing. Had Jim Kates been here he would have had a man half way there before now."

"And the great speculator is here to get mad."

"That may be true. I don't know whether one of Mr. Kays' men could have served those papers or not; but Mr. Wicks, I am very certain that we have not a single man who can serve them."

"Can't serve them, hey? Well, I'll see that you do. I'll go straight to the office and make a complaint. Can't serve an attachment, hey? By thunder! but why can't you serve them?" shouted the now thoroughly aroused gentleman.

Because poor Tom Flynn was buried a week ago, and I don't think there is a man in this office who would care to undertake the job." Wicks tumbled, and the four young deputies who were lounging about the office sent up a laugh that made the old building tremble.

The suit is entitled M. L. Wick, trustee for the Temeucia Water Company, vs. T. J. Flynn, and asks for judgment on two promissory notes of \$23,384 each. Mr. Wicks had evidently not learned of Mr. Flynn's death.

LIKE A SIEVE.

Meshe of the Law That Let Rascals Throu h.

When the case of Nolan, the sure-thing operator, who was released on \$100 bail on Sunday night, was called before Justice Lockwood, it was stated that none of the witnesses had come forward, and that in consequence no complaint had been filed against him. Under these circumstances the matter was continued until this morning.

The Southern Pacific detective, Will Smith, who made the arrest, was seen by a TIMES reporter last night and when asked about the case, said that no complaint had been sworn out, but that if Nolan wanted to stay in town and take his chances of imprisonment from one to fourteen years it would be done, but that if he left no further action would be taken in the matter.

This leaves the case in a rather peculiar position. Gaynor and Nolan were arrested Saturday night by Detective Smith for attempting to kidnap a passenger who was en route to San Francisco by means of loaded dice in a saloon on San Fernando street. The men were turned over to Officer Fitch, and on the way to the station Nolan offered the officers \$15 to release him, which money was taken and turned over to the authorities as evidence against him. Gaynor gave \$20 cash bail and was released. Both men were booked on suspicion that if Nolan had been released on his own recognizance there was no legal warrant for holding him. Nolan has \$15 in all on deposit, including the \$15 and Gaynor \$50, and no warrant is sworn out the money will have to be returned.

A BIG SUIT.

The Railroad Land Grant Cases in Court.

One of the most important cases ever tried in Southern California was argued and submitted in the United States Circuit Court yesterday. It is the case of the United States vs. the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and others. The case involved the overlapping land grants to the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad (now forfeited) and the Southern Pacific Railroad. The contention is now between the Government as successor in interest of the forfeited grant to the Atlantic and Pacific, on the one hand, and the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and its grantees on the other. The land involved amounts to nearly one million acres.

The array of counsel was formidable, and included on behalf of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company and its grantees Joseph Redding, solicitor for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, of San Francisco; Chapman & Hendrick, D. B. Arnall, Anderson, and others. On the side of the Government, Edwin Baxter and Wade & Murphy, all of this city. The Government was represented by George J. Denis, United States Attorney, and Joseph H. Call, special counsel, also of this city.

The questions involved can only be finally determined by the United States Supreme Court, to which the case will be appealed.

Judge Ross of the United States Circuit Court took the case under advisement.

CHARLES H. SIMPKINS, president of the Los Angeles Gas Company, has returned from an extended visit to the East, and has rooms at the Hollenbeck.

Louis A. Morzenstern, business representative of the Grismer-Davies combination, is in the city arranging for an engagement at the Grand Opera-house next Monday.

CRAZY.

A Man Whose Mission is to Starve and Go to Heaven.

Word was received yesterday afternoon at the central police station that an insane man was in the care of some Mexican ranchers out at the end of the Temple-street cable car line, and that those who had charge of him didn't know what to do with their prize. Officers Bryson and McBoiler went out in the patrol wagon and found the insane man in a hay barn on Union avenue, near the cable car line. He was almost destitute of clothing and had been found so hard to manage that it had been necessary to tie him up with ropes so that he could not move. The Mexicans at the barn said he had been hanging around for some time, and said he imagined himself a prophet. He had the unpleasant habit of divesting himself of all his clothes and running about stark naked. Further, the property he had in his possession for the past few days he had refused food and was literally starving to death. Not knowing what to do with him, the Mexicans lassoed him and then tied him up till the police came. At the police station the crazy man said his name was S. R. Grant, but refused to give any further information about himself. Grant is of very slight build, about 30 years or so of age, and apparently a laborer by occupation.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Miss Gavitt Will Surrender Her Keys Today.

A statement was made in the Council yesterday to the effect that Miss Gavitt, the librarian of the Public Library for the past two years, had declined to surrender her place to Mrs. Prescott, who has been elected her successor. Miss Gavitt stated to a TIMES reporter, who called at the Public Library last evening, that she had gone into office on February 1 of each year, and believed that her appointment was to last one year. Thinking that her term of office only expired February 1, 1889, she had not been able to recognize Mrs. Prescott. This belief she discovered yesterday was an error, and she would therefore resign her position and invite the new head and inspect our stock. Prices low. Miles Pease, 245, 247 and 249 South Spring street.

Furniture and Carpets.

We have one of the largest and finest stocks in the city, and invite all who are in need of furniture to call on us. We will inspect our stock. Prices low. Miles Pease, 245, 247 and 249 South Spring street.

Come and see us. New and secondhand furniture for cash or on installments. Cash paid for goods. 245, 247, 249 South Spring street. W. P. Martin.

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